



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Acetonitrile InfinityLab gradient grade for LCMS
Catalogue No. : 5191-5101, 5191-5101-001
Index-No. : 608-001-00-3
REACH No. : 01-2119471307-38-XXXX
CAS-No. : 75-05-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemical Laboratory Use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufactured by : EMD Millipore Corporation
400 Summit Dr,
Burlington MA 01803 USA
An affiliate of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany.

Company : Agilent Technologies Manufacturing GmbH & Co. KG
Hewlett-Packard-Str. 8
76337 Waldbronn
Germany

Telephone : 0800 603 1000
E-mail address : pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency Phone # : +(44)-870 820 0418 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids, (Category 2)	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Acute toxicity, (Category 4)	H302: Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity, (Category 4)	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Acute toxicity, (Category 4)	H312: Harmful in contact with skin.
Eye irritation, (Category 2)	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H302 + H312 + H332	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 + P312	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Supplemental Hazard Statements	none

Reduced Labeling (<= 125 ml)

Pictogram



Signal Word	Danger
Hazard Statements	none
Precautionary Statements	none
Supplemental Hazard Statements	none

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Formula	:	C ₂ H ₃ N
Molecular weight	:	41.05 g/mol
CAS-No.	:	75-05-8
EC-No.	:	200-835-2
Index-No.	:	608-001-00-3

Component		Classification	Concentration
Acetonitrile			
CAS-No.	75-05-8	Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 4; Eye Irrit. 2; H225, H302, H332, H312, H319	<= 100 %
EC-No.	200-835-2		
Index-No.	608-001-00-3		

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. If breathing stops: mouth-to-mouth breathing or artificial respiration. Oxygen if necessary. Immediately call in physician.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

5.4 Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemisorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Value	Basis
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	TWA	40 ppm 70 mg/m ³	Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values
	Remarks	Indicative Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin		
		OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)	40 ppm 70 mg/m ³	Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Carcinogens with Occupational Exposure Limit Values - Code of Practice, Schedule 1 and 2
		Substances which have the capacity to penetrate intact skin when they come in contact with it, and be absorbed into the body		

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Application Area	Routes of exposure	Health effect	Value
Worker DNEL, acute	inhalation	Systemic effects	68 mg/m ³

Worker DNEL, acute	inhalation	Local effects	68 mg/m3
Worker DNEL, longterm	dermal	Systemic effects	
Worker DNEL, longterm	inhalation	Systemic effects	68 mg/m3
Worker DNEL, longterm	inhalation	Local effects	68 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Compartment	Value
Fresh water	10 mg/l
Sea water	1 mg/l
Aquatic intermittent release	10 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	32 mg/l
Soil	3.02 mg/kg
Fresh water sediment	45 mg/kg
Sea sediment	4.5 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact

Material: Chloroprene

Minimum layer thickness: 0.65 mm

Break through time: 10 min

Material tested: KCL 720 Camapren®

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic compounds

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

- | | |
|---|--|
| a) Physical state | liquid |
| b) Color | colorless |
| c) Odor | ether-like |
| d) Melting point/freezing point | Melting point/range: -45.7 °C at 1,013 hPa |
| e) Initial boiling point and boiling range | 81.0 - 82.0 °C at 1,013.25 hPa |
| f) Flammability (solid, gas) | No data available |
| g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | Upper explosion limit: 16 %(V)
Lower explosion limit: 4.4 %(V) |
| h) Flash point | 2.0 °C - closed cup |
| i) Autoignition temperature | No data available |
| j) Decomposition temperature | No data available |
| k) pH | No data available |
| l) Viscosity | Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic: 0.350 Pas at 20.00 °C |
| m) Water solubility | 1,000 g/l at 25 °C completely soluble |
| n) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | log Pow: -0.54 at 25 °C - Bioaccumulation is not expected. |
| o) Vapor pressure | 98.64 hPa at 20 °C |
| p) Density | 0.78 g/cm ³ at 20 °C |
| Relative density | No data available |
| q) Relative vapor density | No data available |
| r) Particle characteristics | No data available |
| s) Explosive properties | No data available |
| t) Oxidizing properties | none |

9.2 Other safety information

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| Surface tension | 29.0 mN/m at 20.0 °C |
| Relative vapor density | 1.42 - (Air = 1.0) |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1 Reactivity**

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with:

Strong bases
strong reducing agents
Risk of explosion with:
nitrates
perchlorates
perchloric acid
conc. sulfuric acid
with
Heat.
Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:
Oxidizing agents
Nitric acid
nitrogen dioxide
with
Catalyst
Generates dangerous gases or fumes in contact with:
Acids

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Warming.

10.5 Incompatible materials

No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Mouse - male and female - 617 mg/kg
(OECD Test Guideline 401)

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 617 mg/kg
(ATE value derived from LD50/LC50 value)

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - male and female - 4 h - 6.022 mg/l - vapor

(OECD Test Guideline 403)

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - 1,500 mg/kg
(Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h
(OECD Test Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes serious eye irritation.
(OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Buehler Test - Guinea pig

Result: negative
(OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: *S. typhimurium*

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Remarks: (ECHA)
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: US-EPA
Result: negative
Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration.
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Result: Positive results were obtained in some in vitro tests.
Remarks: (National Toxicology Program)
Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation
Result: negative
Remarks: Sister chromatid exchange
Test system: Saccharomyces cerevisiae
Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation
Result: positive
Remarks: Cytogenetic analysis
(ECHA)
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Mouse lymphoma test
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

11.2 Additional Information

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Treat as cyanide poisoning., Always have on hand a cyanide first-aid kit, together with proper instructions., The onset of symptoms is generally delayed pending conversion to cyanide., Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhea, Headache, Dizziness, Rash, Cyanosis, excitement, depression, Drowsiness, impaired judgment, Lack of coordination, stupor, death

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 1,640 mg/l - 96 h Remarks: (ECHA)
Toxicity to algae	static test NOEC - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - 400 mg/l - 72 h (ISO 10253) static test ErC50 - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - 9,696 mg/l - 72 h (ISO 10253)
Toxicity to bacteria	
Toxicity to fish(Chronic toxicity)	flow-through test NOEC - Oryzias latipes - 102 mg/l - 21 d (OECD Test Guideline 204)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	Result: 70 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 310)
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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log Pow <= 4).

12.4 Mobility in soil

Not expected to adsorb on soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment	: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
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12.7 Other adverse effects

Biological effects:
Hazard for drinking water supplies.
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Avoid release to the environment.

Stability in water	DT50 - > 9,999 d pH 7 at 25 °C Remarks: (calculated)Hydrolyzes slowly.
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H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

The information contained in this document is based on Agilent's state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.

Annex: Exposure scenario

Identified uses:

Use: Industrial use

SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
SU 3, SU9, SU 10: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites, Manufacture of fine chemicals, Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)
PC19: Intermediate PC21: Laboratory chemicals
PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC6b: Manufacture of substances, Formulation of preparations, Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles, Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates), Industrial use of reactive processing aids

Use: Professional use

SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
PC21: Laboratory chemicals
PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
ERC2, ERC6a, ERC6b: Formulation of preparations, Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates), Industrial use of reactive processing aids

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Industrial use

Main User Groups	: SU 3
Sectors of end-use	: SU 3, SU9, SU 10
Chemical product category	: PC19, PC21
Process categories	: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15
Environmental Release Categories	: ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC6b:

2. Exposure scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1, SpERC ESVOC 1

Amount used

Annual amount per site : 8500 t

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Number of emission days per year : 300

Emission or Release Factor: Air : 0.5 %

Emission or Release Factor: Water : 1 %

Emission or Release Factor: Soil : 0.01 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Type of Sewage Treatment Plant : Onsite sewage treatment plant

Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent : 2,000 m³/d

Sludge Treatment : Sewage sludge should not be applied to natural soils.

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC2

Amount used

Annual amount per site : 5 t

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Number of emission days per year : 20

Emission or Release Factor: Air : 2.5 %

Emission or Release Factor: Water : 2 %

Emission or Release Factor: Soil : 0.01 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Type of Sewage Treatment Plant : Municipal sewage treatment plant

Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent : 2,000 m³/d

Sludge Treatment : Spreading as a worst case scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4

Amount used

Annual amount per site : 500 t

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Number of emission days per year : 200

Emission or Release Factor: Air : 100 %

Emission or Release Factor: Water : 100 %

Emission or Release Factor: Soil : 5 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Type of Sewage Treatment Plant : Municipal sewage treatment plant

Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent : 2,000 m³/d

Sludge Treatment : Spreading as a worst case scenario

The concentration in the sewage treatment plant should be below the respective PNEC STP

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6a

Amount used

Annual amount per site : 1000 t

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Number of emission days per : 100

year
Emission or Release Factor: Air : 5 %
Emission or Release Factor: : 2 %
Water
Emission or Release Factor: Soil : 0.10 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Type of Sewage Treatment Plant : Municipal sewage treatment plant
Flow rate of sewage treatment : 2,000 m³/d
plant effluent
Sludge Treatment : Spreading as a worst case scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Amount used

Annual amount per site : 1000 t

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Number of emission days per : 100
year
Emission or Release Factor: Air : 0.10 %
Emission or Release Factor: : 5 %
Water
Emission or Release Factor: Soil : 0.025 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Type of Sewage Treatment Plant : Municipal sewage treatment plant
Flow rate of sewage treatment : 2,000 m³/d
plant effluent
Sludge Treatment : Spreading as a worst case scenario

2.6 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC15

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product
Mixture/Article up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
Physical Form (at time of use) : Medium volatile liquid
Process Temperature : < 20 °C

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use : 8 hours/day

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor without local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Technical conditions and measures

Provide a good standard of general ventilation.

Organizational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Use suitable eye protection., Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

2.7 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC5, PROC8a, PROC9

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product
Mixture/Article up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
Physical Form (at time of use) : Medium volatile liquid
Process Temperature : < 20 °C

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use : 8 hours/day

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor with local exhaust ventilation (LEV)
Reduction factor for local exhaust ventilation (LEV) has not been used for the calculation of dermal exposure estimates.

Technical conditions and measures

Provide a good standard of general ventilation.

Organizational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Use suitable eye protection., Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
ERC1	EUSES		Fresh water			0.175
ERC1	EUSES		Fresh water sediment			0.175
ERC1	EUSES		Sea water			0.175
ERC1	EUSES		Sea sediment			0.175
ERC1	EUSES		Soil			< 0.01
ERC1	EUSES		Sewage treatment plant			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Fresh water			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Fresh water sediment			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Sea water			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Sea sediment			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Soil			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Sewage treatment plant			< 0.01
ERC4	EUSES		Fresh water			0.32
ERC4	EUSES		Fresh water sediment			0.32
ERC4	EUSES		Sea water			0.32
ERC4	EUSES		Sea sediment			0.32
ERC4	EUSES		Soil			0.82
ERC4	EUSES		Sewage treatment plant			1
ERC6a	EUSES		Fresh water			0.12
ERC6a	EUSES		Fresh water sediment			0.12
ERC6a	EUSES		Sea water			0.12
ERC6a	EUSES		Sea sediment			0.12
ERC6a	EUSES		Soil			0.66

ERC6a	EUSES		Sewage treatment plant			0.39
ERC6b	EUSES		Fresh water			0.30
ERC6b	EUSES		Fresh water sediment			0.30
ERC6b	EUSES		Sea water			0.30
ERC6b	EUSES		Sea sediment			0.30
ERC6b	EUSES		Soil			0.16
ERC6b	EUSES		Sewage treatment plant			0.97

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC1	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, inhalative, systemic			< 0.01
PROC1	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, dermal, systemic			< 0.01
PROC1		longterm, combined, systemic			< 0.01
PROC2	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, inhalative, systemic			0.13
PROC2	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, dermal, systemic			< 0.01
PROC2		longterm, combined, systemic			0.13
PROC3	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, inhalative, systemic			0.25
PROC3	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, dermal, systemic			< 0.01
PROC3		longterm, combined, systemic			0.25
PROC4	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, inhalative, systemic			0.50
PROC4	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, dermal, systemic			0.04
PROC4		longterm, combined, systemic			0.55
PROC8b	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, inhalative, systemic			0.63
PROC8b	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, dermal, systemic			0.09

PROC8b		longterm, combined, systemic			0.71
PROC15	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, inhalative, systemic			0.25
PROC15	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, dermal, systemic			< 0.01
PROC15		longterm, combined, systemic			0.25

*Risk characterisation ratio

PROC5	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, inhalative, systemic			0.13
PROC5	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, dermal, systemic			0.09
PROC5		longterm, combined, systemic			0.21
PROC8a	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, inhalative, systemic			0.13
PROC8a	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, dermal, systemic			0.09
PROC8a		longterm, combined, systemic			0.21
PROC9	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, inhalative, systemic			0.13
PROC9	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, dermal, systemic			0.04
PROC9		longterm, combined, systemic			0.17

*Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

For scaling of worker exposure assessments performed with ECETOC TRA, please consult the Merck tool ScIDeEx® at www.merckmillipore.com/scideex.

Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system; ECHA Guidance for downstream users; ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Professional use

Main User Groups : **SU 22**
Sectors of end-use : **SU 22**
Chemical product category : **PC21**
Process categories : **PROC15**
Environmental Release Categories : **ERC2, ERC6a, ERC6b:**

2. Exposure scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC2

Amount used

Annual amount per site : 5 t

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Number of emission days per year : 20
Emission or Release Factor: Air : 2.5 %
Emission or Release Factor: Water : 2 %
Emission or Release Factor: Soil : 0.01 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Type of Sewage Treatment Plant : Municipal sewage treatment plant
Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent : 2,000 m³/d
Sludge Treatment : Spreading as a worst case scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6a

Amount used

Annual amount per site : 1000 t

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Number of emission days per year : 100
Emission or Release Factor: Air : 5 %
Emission or Release Factor: Water : 2 %
Emission or Release Factor: Soil : 0.10 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Type of Sewage Treatment Plant : Municipal sewage treatment plant
Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent : 2,000 m³/d
Sludge Treatment : Spreading as a worst case scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Amount used

Annual amount per site : 1000 t

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Number of emission days per year : 100
Emission or Release Factor: Air : 0.10 %
Emission or Release Factor: Water : 5 %
Emission or Release Factor: Soil : 0.025 %

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Type of Sewage Treatment Plant : Municipal sewage treatment plant
 Flow rate of sewage treatment : 2,000 m3/d
 plant effluent
 Sludge Treatment : Spreading as a worst case scenario

2.4 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC15

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
 Physical Form (at time of use) : Medium volatile liquid
 Process Temperature : < 20 °C

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use : 8 hours/day

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor without local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Technical conditions and measures

Provide a good standard of general ventilation.

Organizational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Use suitable eye protection., Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Compartment	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
ERC2	EUSES		Fresh water			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Fresh water sediment			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Sea water			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Sea sediment			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Soil			< 0.01
ERC2	EUSES		Sewage treatment plant			< 0.01
ERC6a	EUSES		Fresh water			0.12
ERC6a	EUSES		Fresh water sediment			0.12
ERC6a	EUSES		Sea water			0.12
ERC6a	EUSES		Sea sediment			0.12
ERC6a	EUSES		Soil			0.66
ERC6a	EUSES		Sewage treatment plant			0.39
ERC6b	EUSES		Fresh water			0.30
ERC6b	EUSES		Fresh water sediment			0.30
ERC6b	EUSES		Sea water			0.30
ERC6b	EUSES		Sea			0.30

			sediment		
ERC6b	EUSES		Soil		0.16
ERC6b	EUSES		Sewage treatment plant		0.97

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC15	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, inhalative, systemic			0.25
PROC15	ECETOC TRA 3	longterm, dermal, systemic			< 0.01
PROC15		longterm, combined, systemic			0.25

*Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

For scaling of worker exposure assessments performed with ECETOC TRA, please consult the Merck tool ScIDeEx® at www.merckmillipore.com/scideex. Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system; ECHA Guidance for downstream users; ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).